

WEATHER FORECAST.
Fair and colder to-day; to-morrow fair;
strong northwest winds.
Highest temperature yesterday, 56; lowest, 46.
Detailed weather reports will be found on editorial page.

THE NEW YORK HERALD

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THE BEST IN ITS HISTORY.
The New York Herald, with all that was
best of The Sun intertwined with it, and
the whole revitalized, is a bigger and better
and sounder newspaper than ever before.

VOL. LXXXVII.—NO. 83.—DAILY.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1922.—ENTERED AS SECOND CLASS MATTER.
POST OFFICE, NEW YORK, N. Y.

PRICE TWO CENTS
THREE CENTS
FOUR CENTS ELSEWHERE

MUSSOLINI DEMANDS ITALY SHARE IN WAR SPOILS OF NEAR EAST

Black Shield Diplomacy at
Lausanne Flabbergasts
Curzon and Poincare.

UNITED AGAINST TURK

Allies Present Solid Front,
but Differ Among Selves
on Mandates.

RECALL OLD AGREEMENT

Roman Premier Points Out
Italy Was Ignored in Near
East Divisions.

By LAURENCE HILLS.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
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LAUSANNE, Nov. 20.—It is the problem of Benito Mussolini, not that of the Moslem world, that for the moment is agitating the Lausanne conference which opened formally here to-day. The gravity of the situation in which France and Great Britain have been placed by the arrival of this new figure, with the power of a dictator in one of the three countries that have been acting when Mussolini in effect kicked over the traces and, instead of agreeing, as hoped, to Lord Curzon's memorandum defining the allied position in the face of the Turks, made six reservations, which appear to be of the most vital importance.

Mussolini left the two older conferees, Premier Poincare and the British Foreign Secretary, completely dumfounded. Lord Curzon's memorandum has not yet been published, but it is understood to contain fifteen points, to which France agreed. The Italian Premier refused to agree to six, referring to Mesopotamia, the Syrian and Palestine mandates, and the Dodecanese, which were given to Greece in the original Sevres treaty. Mussolini also demanded either that the old tripartite agreement of three years ago, dividing Asia Minor into three zones of influence, be reaffirmed in so far as it applied to territory to be taken by the Turks, or that Italy receive in return certain compensation, which he refused exactly to formulate.

His position rests in part upon the fact that the Allies in Paris, in the absence of Vittorio Orlando, then Premier of Italy, made the original distribution of the colonies to be mandated, leaving Italy out. Mussolini's actions flabbergasted the French and British, who do not know how to deal with him. Naturally the effect will be to throw M. Poincare and Lord Curzon into a combination against Mussolini as a Fascist leader holding, as he does, and as recent events seem to prove, almost absolute power in Italy. He believes he holds the cards for Italy and has promised his followers that he will play them to take some tricks for Italy.

With Allies Against Turks.

His action here has left the allied front somewhat broken before the Turks, although Mussolini has made it plain that in principle he is entirely with the other two countries in resisting Turkish demands, but he wants simply equal rights for Italy in the distribution of some of the prizes of war as the price of continuing in concert. He is a complete puzzle to the others.

Mussolini attended the allied dinner given by the French delegates to-night, but continued to hold himself in great reserve. When he left the Lausanne Palace Hotel, where the dinner was held, he was cheered by a crowd in the corridor, while the other principals were merely gazed at.

First Session Open.

This is the only distinction drawn between the Allies and their erstwhile enemies. The session was staged for all the world like a Sunday afternoon lecture, with a palm decorated platform upon which sat reporters, and with the front chairs all new and numbered and reserved for distinguished principals. The positions of the Turks and the Allies will be outlined for the first time in a closed meeting to-morrow at the Hotel de Chateau beside the lake. Then it will be seen how far the Turks intend to press their demands for a completely independent Turkey whose status shall hereafter be that of practical equality with other nations, with no such arrangement as that of the so-called capitulations to mark her inferiority.

The Turks still insist they will stand in this position. If Lloyd George is missing, the spectators at these conferences have a new figure upon which to

Will Hang Ismet if He Yields Capitulations

PARIS, Nov. 20 (Associated Press).—Ismet Pasha, chief Turkish delegate at the Lausanne peace conference, has again been instructed by the Angora Assembly positively not to yield on the question of capitulations, according to authoritative information reaching Paris.

FIGHT ON LECTURES BY GERMAN RAIDER

Department of Justice Asked
to Call Halt on Officer
of the Emden.

NO LAWS TO BAR HIM

Officials Say That Any Dis-
orders Will Mean Sudden
Stopping of Tour.

The New York office of the Department of Justice has been appealed to by a number of citizens to prevent Lieut.-Capt. Hellmuth von Muecke, second in command to Capt. Muller of the German raider Emden, from lecturing in this country. The German seaman is now in Chicago ready to begin a series of lectures on the exploits of the raider, lectures expected by Von Muecke to turn out very profitably.

By letter and telephone protests have been made to Capt. Brennan of the Department of Justice and to his aids. Men and women have said that they considered it intolerable and indecent that a German held to be one of the great war heroes of his country should be allowed to come here and boast of exploits which were injurious to America. They urged that the Department of Justice find a way to stop Von Muecke from lecturing and to send him back home. One of the protestors said that there should be no more reason for the German sailor to lecture here than in Canada, a thing no German would dare to do.

No Legal Stigma on Him.

While no official statement is forthcoming from Brennan or any of his subordinates in the New York office it is known that the matter has been referred to Washington. The Department of Justice now has under consideration what course it may legally and properly take regarding Von Muecke. There is some doubt that it has any right to interfere with him, peace having been formally declared with Germany and all stigma legally removed from German citizens. But, as was pointed out here yesterday, the law doesn't cover all the essential facts of life and extra legal methods sometimes have to be found.

At New York Office It Was Said

quite frankly that Von Muecke certainly would not be allowed to stir up disorder; that if his lecturing drew hostile crowds and seemed to incite to violence then he would have to give up his tour. Out West the hint as to how properly to get rid of the German may possibly be taken.

Calls English Good Sports.

Starting his lecture tour, Von Muecke talked entertainingly. He thinks the English are good sports.

When I Was Getting Ready to Escape

from the Cocos Islands and was rigging up the makeshift sailing ship Zyshe the Englishmen helped me fit up the boat. Maybe they thought the bottom would drop out of the old bulk, but whatever they thought they treated me very decently.

Von Muecke Went into the German

Navy at 14. He is still a young man, 41. He said yesterday that his books had not sold well in Germany simply because the people are too poor to buy books. All they have goes on their backs or into their stomachs.

The outcome of the war doesn't

rankle in my heart," said Von Muecke. "We had to quit. The thing to do now is to take our defeat gracefully and begin to build up from the bottom."

AUSTIN, TEX., Nov. 20.—Protest

against Capt. Hellmuth von Muecke being permitted to deliver a series of lectures in German throughout the United States was telegraphed to-night by the Travis County American Legion Post to Legion national headquarters.

GADSKI IN TEARS AS

CONCERT IS CANCELLED

Los Angeles Revises Story of

Pro-German Utterances.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 20.—News that an engagement for her to sing in Los Angeles December 11 had been cancelled on the ground that she was pro-German during the world war was received here with tears by Mrs. Johanna Gadski.

"Jealousy is at the bottom of this," said Mrs. Gadski. "I was America's guest during the war, and conducted myself the best I could during that trying period."

A story that Mrs. Gadski toasted the Kaiser for the sinking of the Lusitania was declared by her to be "ridiculous as the others."

RAINIER TRUCKER, Made in New York, 4 to 8 ton; repair 1 year. 20 & Webster, Ave., L. I. City. Tel. Astoria 4136-Ado.

CLEMENCEAU SHOUTS 'I'M A BABE!' WHEN DEWEY GREETES HIM

Has Active Day From 5 A.
M. Onion Soup to Bed at
8 o'Clock.

GETS KISSED BY SOREL

Addresses Editors at Lunch
but Keeps Big Speech
for To-night.

DOCTORS EXAMINE HIM

Find He's Physically Equal to
Tour if He Doesn't Overdo
Things.

Clemenceau met Chauncey M. Dewey yesterday, found out from a doctor that he is well enough to continue his tour, talked fifty-eight minutes at a newspaper and magazine luncheon, shook the hands of eighty men at a reception of the Franco-American Society, called on his comrade of the Peace Conference, Col. House; read a bushel of telegrams, arose at 5 o'clock and went to bed at the inexorable hour of 8.

Between times he worked on a speech which he is to deliver at the Metropolitan Opera House to-night, telling why he came to the United States. Obviously he hopes it to be the most persuasive effort of his career. He prepares no manuscript, but expects to follow closely notes that he is making. His friends, fearful lest he overexert himself, have advised him to talk no more than an hour. He says he will try—but with Clemenceau, up-setter of programs, including his own, one never can tell. He had intended to be on his feet only fifteen minutes at yesterday's luncheon at the Ritz-Carlton, but as he warmed to the theme nearest his heart he found it hard to stop. He asked that what he said be not reported, as the Metropolitan audience will hear it all to-night. This was said officially:

"M. Clemenceau made a speech that

was marked by extraordinary eloquence, frankness and sincerity. He said he had not come to tell Americans what they should do, but to show what France needed. His speech was a complete, candid discussion of the situation as he views it, and was marked by deep emotion."

Meeting of the Sages.

The meeting of the sages, Clemenceau of France and our own Chauncey Dewey, took place at the home of Thomas W. Lamont, 107 East Seventeenth street, where the directors of the Franco-American Society had a reception. Senator Dewey was one of a long line of handshakers who saluted the guest of honor. Here was a man of Clemenceau's own generation. "Well, who is this?" he said as he caught sight of the face and the familiar to Americans. "Why, that's Chauncey Dewey," said the director, who was introducing the Frenchman. Clemenceau threw his hands above his head, the gesture of surrender, and exclaimed, "I'm a babe!"

Senator Dewey is breezing along in his eighty-ninth year. Clemenceau in his eighty-second. "That's good," that's good," Dewey chuckled as he told the story of the meeting. "I said to him, 'You're a young man, though, seven years younger than I am and he has a large program for a man at this time of life. A man at 80 feels just as able as he ever did, but has lost his recuperative power is not as good as it was around 50. When I was 50 I was accepting invitations for dinners and working hard all day, and on Sunday, when I went to church, I did not have to thank the Lord for my vigor. But I can't do it now.'"

Dewey's Estimate.

"Clemenceau, as I have studied him, is a man of remarkable vigor, both physical and mental, although 81 years old. He is destined yet to play a very important part in the history of France. You see no signs of a letup. He is quick as a flash. He has the kind of mind which grasps a situation intuitively, and behind it courage and audacity. You must remember that the four great figures of Versailles—Poincare, Clemenceau, Lloyd George, and Orlando—are out. But I advise you

Continued on Page Two.

'Gentleman Burglar' Escapes on Way

to Prison for Robberies in Oranges

Hugh Craig, 40, an automobile salesman of 131 Elmwood avenue, East Orange, who was known as the "gentleman burglar of the Oranges," escaped from his guards yesterday as he was being taken from the court house at Newark with nine other prisoners on his way to the State Prison at Trenton. Judge Stokell an hour before had sentenced Craig to from fifteen to thirty years.

CLARK'S CRUISE ROUND THE WORLD.

Personal manager, experienced staff. \$1,000 up. 4 months. Jan. 22. Frank G. Clark, 410 Times Bldg., N. Y.—Ado.

'The Plums of New York' Is Most Popular Book

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
New York Herald Bureau.
Albany, Nov. 20.

THE PLUMS OF NEW YORK

is becoming the most popular literary work of the day in this State. It is published in Albany, and its interesting chapter is headed "Penitents in the Exempt Class." There are 500 of these jobs, and the holders generally change when the State administration changes its political complexion. Since Al Smith was elected about 5,000 members of his party have sent for "The Plums of New York."

NEW WITNESS FOUND

AS HALL JURY MEETS

George Sipel's Headlights Said
to Have Allowed Mrs. Gibson
to See Couple in Lane.

ELEVEN TESTIFY IN DAY

Photographs, Clothing of Rec-
tor and Singer and Letters
Introduced in Evidence.

SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.
SOMERVILLE, N. J., Nov. 20.—With the beginning of the Grand Jury hearing in the Hall-Mills murder mystery there came to light to-day knowledge of one additional witness who is regarded as of first importance by William A. Mott, Special Deputy Attorney-General, and his chief aid, James F. Mason.

This man is George Sipel, a small farmer, and while parts of his story corroborate that of Mrs. Jane Gibson his tale has an even more important bearing on the men said to be involved in the murder.

Denies Knowledge of Wrong.

William Friend is said by the police to have deposited some of the stolen money elsewhere for the thief, Stanley C. Fowler of 115 Broadway, his attorney, said William Friend would be able to satisfy the authorities that he had no criminal connection with the swindle.

The Robbing of the bank might have

gone undiscovered for months had not Haas gone home one day without finishing up his work, according to H. Q. Becker, assistant cashier. His books were found to be in such condition that he was discharged. A bank examiner discovered a \$55,000 shortage and the balance was unearthed when Pinkerton operatives took up the investigation for a surety company.

Maurice Lemkin, 16, of 178 Nostrand

avenue, Brooklyn, a messenger for the auctioneer, will be an important witness for the prosecution, according to Mr. Hastings. He will be called on to describe his cashing of checks.

The bank is the Broadway branch of

the Columbia Bank, at 507 Fifth avenue, which is capitalized for \$2,000,000, has a surplus of over \$1,000,000, and has deposits of upward of \$24,000,000. A Bronx branch is at 104 Southern boulevard.

El H. Bernheim, president, at his

home last night said the bank would not lose a dollar. He said most of the business of the Broadway branch was with the dry goods trades and the jobbers and machinery houses in the neighborhood.

Chiefs of the bank besides Mr. Bern-

heim are Mortimer J. Fox, James MacDonough and Edgar H. Lee, vice-presidents, and Guernsey R. Jewett, cashier. Directors are Sylvan M. Barnett, Hyman Bauman, 321 H. Bernheim, Mortimer J. Fox, Simeon Ford, Walter S. Griffith, Samuel K. Jacobs, Robert E. Simon, Joseph Steiner, John P. Stevens, Oswald W. Uhl, George E. Bernheim, Sidney Blumenthal and James MacDonough.

J. P. MORGAN TAKEN ILL

AT HOME NEAR LONDON

Report He Intended Visiting

Berlin Doubtful.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—J. P. Morgan is indisposed at his home at Watford, near Kings Langley, seven miles outside London. A telephone inquiry at his residence to-night elicited the information from one of Mr. Morgan's chauffeurs that Mr. Morgan had returned home from London to-day ill. The chauffeur declined to state the nature of Mr. Morgan's illness or to give any other information concerning him.

A report was in circulation to-day

that Mr. Morgan was to make a trip to Berlin. At the offices of Morgan, Grenfell & Co. it was said Mr. Morgan had been in town, but no one in the bank was aware that he had made any plans to visit the German capital.

BIG STEEL SHOP BURNED.

Duquesne Company Suffers a Loss
of \$350,000.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 20.—One of the big shops of the Duquesne Steel Foundry Company at Kendall was destroyed by fire to-night. At midnight companies from five adjoining villages, assisting the Kendall department, apparently had the blaze under control.

A preliminary estimate of the loss

made by an official of the company, was \$350,000. The company manufactures steel castings and locomotive engines.

DEWEY-DEWEY TONICS.

Blond, Silver and Body Builders.
and only at 125 Fulton St., N. Y. C.—Ado.

BANK BOOKKEEPER AND DEPOSITOR HELD FOR \$75,000 THEFT

Third Man Sought in Lar-
ceny at Columbia Bank at
Canal and Broadway.

LOSS MAY BE \$121,000

Overdrafts Said to Have
Been Covered Up by
John A. Haas, 23.

AUCTIONEER DENIES IT

Peculations Believed to Be Cov-
ered by Insurance—Some
Restitution Promised.

Two depositors and a young book-keeper, who juggled ledgers in their favor, have been able to swindle the Columbia Bank, 415 Broadway, out of from \$75,000 to \$121,000 in the last twelve months, it was announced by the police to-night. Bank officials say the loss is covered by insurance.

William Friend, 35, of 21 Bennett avenue, Brooklyn, of the auctioneer-firm of J. & W. Friend, 64 Lispenard street, and John A. Haas, 23, of 10,008 Eighty-ninth avenue, Richmond Hill, for five years an accountant in the Columbia Bank until his discharge about a week ago, have been arrested on suspicion of grand larceny.

The arrest of Joseph H. Friend, brother and partner of William Friend, has been ordered.

According to information received by the Assistant District Attorney, Mr. Hastings, Haas was induced by some man to make false entries in his books. These entries gave false credits to the man's account and enabled him to overdraft since last December \$121,000, by the police estimate, or \$75,000 by the bank's.

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TWO WET BILLS IN THE HOUSE PROVIDE TAX TO PAY BONUS

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.
Washington, D. C., Nov. 20.

ENCOURAGED BY the results of the elections, the wet

firsted their first guns in their new fight for modification of the Volstead act. Two bills were introduced in the House to permit the sale of light wines and beer, and Senator Spencer (Mo.) announced that he would offer a bill providing for the appointment of a commission to decide what constitutes intoxicating liquor. Senator Spencer in the campaign committed himself in favor of some action to liberalize the Volstead act and his bill is to carry out that pledge.

One of the House bills, introduced by Representative Hill (Md.), proposes to pay a soldiers' bonus by a tax of 20 cents a gallon on 2.75 per cent. beer and cider. Such a tax, he estimates, would yield \$1,500,000,000 in three years.

The other "wet" bill was introduced by Representative Brennan (Mich.), and also provides for the payment of a soldiers' bonus with the tax received from the sale of light wines and beer.

"With a tax of \$10 a barrel on domestic beer," said Mr. Brennan, "30 a barrel on imported beer, \$10 a gallon on imported champagne, \$5 a gallon on imported still wines and \$2 a gallon on domestic wines we will raise more than \$700,000,000 annually."

Will Not Intervene in Louis-

iana Unless Situation Jus-
tifies Action.

DRUNK, SAYS SURGEON

SOUTHERNERS ARE ANGRY

Patrolman Joseph P. Halligan of the Health Squad attacked Capt. Edward J. Dempsey, Lieut. Baxter and several policemen in the Charles street station last night after he had been arrested by Patrolman Costa of the West Thirtieth street station for beating Alfred J. Chigi of 166 North avenue, Long Island City. Halligan was finally subdued by the policemen on duty at the station and was sent to the prison ward at Bellevue Hospital charged with assault. Dr. Francis J. Murray, a police surgeon, said the officer was drunk.

Chigi told the police that he came to Manhattan last night and parked his automobile at Eighth avenue and Twelfth street. When he returned to the machine he found a man, without hat or coat, wrapped in a blanket in the back seat. He ordered him out, and the man got out of the machine and gave Chigi what an ambulance surgeon from St. Vincent's Hospital characterized later as a "terrible beating." The ferocity of the policeman's attack caused a crowd to gather, and some one ran to Fourteenth street and got Patrolman Costa.

Costa found Halligan in a telephone booth and when he dragged him out discovered that the man was a policeman's uniform trousers. Halligan was then sent to the Charles street station.

For some time he refused to talk, but finally admitted his identity and said his home was in 1169 Hoe avenue, the Bronx. He refused to tell what had happened to him or where he had been, and when Capt. Dempsey tried to question him he became violent.

Before any of the others in the station house could interfere Halligan struck Capt. Dempsey several heavy blows in the face, breaking the skin and causing severe abrasions. He then attacked and struck Lieut. Baxter and ruined a new overcoat worn by Detective Joseph Sheldrick. When he was subdued by six or eight of the reserves Capt. Dempsey ordered him sent to Bellevue, following the examination by the police surgeon.

Chigi's wounds were dressed by an ambulance surgeon and after he had rested for an hour in the police station he was able to go home, accompanied by a policeman.

SHIP 120 DAYS AT SEA,

CREW GROW BEARDS

Towed Into Halifax With
1,500 Cases of Whisky.

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 20.—With her auxiliary power out of commission, anchored last night in the harbor, the British three-masted schooner Dorin was towed into this port to-day by the Red Cross liner Rosalind, 120 days out from Penarth, Wales. A guard was at once placed on board. Captain Sladen said that after clearing for Vera Cruz he was ordered to proceed to St. Pierre, Miquelon, but that the weather prevented him from making the French island.

EX-GOV. CATTS ACQUITTED.

Florida Jury Finds Him Not Guilty
of Peonage.

PENSACOLA, Fla., Nov. 20 (Associated Press).—Sidney J. Catts, former Governor of this State, was found not guilty to-night by a jury in Federal court here which tried him on a charge of peonage.

Has Denounced the Klan.

"Masked men and invisible empires have no place in America, and I have denounced the Ku Klux Klan as vigorously as I know how in its own stronghold. We have only begun to fight this movement, which strikes at the foundations of orderly government. We will be able to rid Louisiana of this vicious development the more quickly if we can have the help of other States and of the Federal Government."

"I will not take the time to deny each of the many misstatements in your article, but can say it is 80 per cent. inaccurate and conveys a totally wrong impression. The damage done by this article and the importance given it by the display with which you presented it will be made the subject of conference on my return to Louisiana, at which time it will be decided as to further action that will be